

PRIME MINISTER

FOR MEDIA

TURSDAY, FEBRUARY 15 1983

1983 POLICY SPEECH

Australians have never had a clearer choice than at this election. Only the Liberal Party can preserve and build a free society, only the Liberal Party can work to fulfil the hopes of all Australians, only the Liberal Party can keep building for our future. The Liberal Party governs for all Australians whether their families have lived here for generations or only a few years. It encourages all Australians to contribute their best to this great nation.

This election gives Australians a choice between the certainty of recovery under this government, and intecurity under the riskiest and most divisive Labor Party in our history. It presents a choice between the wages pause, supported by eight governments and the nation's wage tribunals, and Labor's attempts to destroy that pause.

The nation asked for Labor's co-operation. It got a callous rebuff. This is an election about responsibility, about the security that only responsibility can bring. Australia can't afford the turmoil and insecurity of the Federal Labor Party. It needs the secure program which the Government offers which will build Australia by helping people and widening opportunities.

Since 1975 our policies have done much to rebuild Australia. Because of our policies, Australia was one of the last countries hit by the world recession. Before the world recession hit us, we revitalised confidence in the economy. We brought down inflation. 455,000 new jobs were created. Australia's output rose more than the average of advanced countries. New private investment rose almost 50% in real terms. Development was proceeding on a great scale.

When the world recession finally did hit Australia its effect was greatly worsened by two things. The drought is one of the worst in Australia's history, and it is affecting us all. And in the last year or two Australia has suffered a totally unjustified wages explosion, brought about by ACTU policies laid down when the present leader of the Labor Party was its president. The world recession would have done Australia far less damage if the unions had not pushed their demands for higher wages and shorter hours beyond the endurance of industry.

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This election will decide whether kertralia goes the Lakor way, with rampant union power, soaring inflation and worsening unemployment, or thether Australia puts the recession behind it and gets back on the road of more jobs and rising living standards.

We saw the recession coming and teek positive action. Even though we are affected by what happens in the most of the world, the Government will help Australia to breate its own future. We're not waiting for the party.

At a time of difficulty, we have helped Australian families. The family is the rock on which our future will be built. We helped in last year's family Budget, cutting personal taxes, improving rebates on home interest payments. Over two years we have increased all family allowances by 50%. Our family Budget put \$18 a week into the hands of typical Australian families. We helped low income families especially, with our innovative family income supplement, and extra help to keep children at school.

We will adjust unemployment benefits for single people over 13 in line with other pensions and benefits in may. The Government strongly believes in child care. In the Budget we lifted funding by almost 50%. We will expand that program by providing 150 new child care projects. We helped the older members of our families. The family Budget increased the income limits for pensions, and expanded rental assistance. To give further support to pensioners, we will increase access to the health benefits card, with a substantial further increase in the income limits. No Budget has ever done more to help Australia's families. We are the family party.

The family budget helps young people. We raised student allowances and boosted our manpower and training programs to \$250 million. These programs will directly assist a quarter of a million Australians, most of them young people. Money from the wage pause is now helping many more young people to find jobs and opportunities. We are determined to do everything possible to help young Australians. We know the future of the best country in the world depends on them.

We will establish a special youth project in reafforestation and conservation. We will establish further youth projects for people not adequately assisted by present programs. This will include women, Aboriginals and people disadvantaged by physical or language difficulties. On top of these programs, we have decided to offer 10,000 additional places over two years in the Defence Services for young men and women partly because more people are applying for Defence positions than there are places. This project will be based on a one year voluntary enlistment in the Armed Services.

In addition to hazic training, as many as pussible of those who join will receive relevant trade training, which our services have a capacity to provide. These who join this program will be doing something for themselves and for Australia. It promises a verthibile experience for thousands of young Australians.

Throughout 1982 we positively assisted home buyers. Through our actions an extra \$1.2 billion is going into housing, and with lower interest rates these policies are having increased impact.

We have done much to assist Australia's industries. There are vastly improved depreciation schedules to encourage industry to buy modern equipment. We took action against dumping and established the "Buy Australia" campaign.

Just before Christmas, in an historic meeting, we brought Commonwealth and State governments together on the wage pause, and I want to thank Boug Anthony and John Howard for getting it in place.

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It is a wage pause with a difference it empresses the Australian ideal of mateship. The wage pause gives people with jobs a chance to help either Australians without jobs. The savings from Commons alth wages are helping the young unemployed get jobs, and older people who have been retrenched.

The pause lets wage and salary earning help themselves by keeping prices down and protecting their cun jobs. Above all, the days pause will lover inflation and help make our industries more competitive and profitable, and this will mean more jobs.

This Government worked hard to achieve that historic wage pause agreement. Eight governments agreed, the Arbitration Commission agreed, most Australians agreed. But the ACTU and the Federal Labor Party rejected it.

How can they talk of bringing Australians together when they are the only ones out of step. They are determined to destroy the pause, with nothing to put in its place.

They have incited strikes in the oil industry. Strikes in that industry over the last year cost \$600 million in lost revenue and a further \$700 million for additional imports.

The wage pause is enormously important to Australia's recovery. The Labor Party has been totally divisive, totally contemptuous of the unemployed, totally unconcerned about Australia's long term economic security.

In 1983 Australia needs responsible policies, not division. Strong, reliable economic management is the heart of effecti government in today's difficult world, but the achievements of this Government go much further. Our concern for fairness led us to stamp out tax avoidance. In the interests of fairness we will continue our drive for tax reform.

Our concern to hunt down organised crime led us to establish the National Crimes Commission.

Our concern about the drought led us to establish comprehensive drought relief arrangements. We will continue the drought interest subsidy for a year beyond the lifting of the drought. We will make sure there is enough finance to help keep people on their farms, to enable crops to be planted. We will introduce a new rural research program to help farmers lower their costs, and a new five year soil conservation and afforestation program.

Our concern for the environment led to our offer to the Tasmanian Government to equalize the cost of power and put off the Franklin Dam. That offer remains open. We now comm \$50 million over five years to a great national park in South West Tasmania, so that it can be enjoyed and preserved for our children.

In taking these measures to are builder for the latere. We believe the Government can as this grate help ling out the very best in Acstralians.

The Commonwealth Comes were a great streets, and we all felt great pride in our sportsmen and women. We will help them boild on their achievements by adding to the Sports Institute's programs, and set up a centre for the Institute in Perth.

We have established centres of excellence for research in universities. Australia has some of the best medical scientists in the world and we have provided them with generous research funds. Our scientists are on the varge of a breakthrough for an anti-malaria vaccine. Our objective must be to bring this to completion and to achieve the development in Australia. Over the next three years, we will increase funding for our medical scientists by a further 30% in real terms.

We also want the best artistic achievements to be shown in every State. We will set up a National Arts Touring Fund under the Australia Council.

Through these initiatives we are leading Australia. We are building for the future, we are not waiting for the world.

At a time of falling private investment, we are building for the future by establishing a program of great national projects.

Our Bicentennial Road Program will modernise and build up Australia's road network. To reduce transport costs further, we will provide standard gauge rail access to a number of ports in Victoria and Queensland.

We will explore with Victoria and South Australia the scope for an early start on an electricity grid to balance out demand and give greater security of supply in both States.

Our Bicentennial Water Resources Program will mean better use of our scarce water supplies. Every State will benefit and thousands of jobs will be generated. Projects in the Murray/Murrumbidgee Basin will improve the quality and flow of water. We are determining the site for a major new dam on the Upper Burray.

We are exploring the age old dream of turning the coastal rivers of New South Wales and Queensland inland to see if it can be turned into reality for our children.

The Darwin-Alice Springs raisery will be occupieted by 1988. This should greatly assist the steel industry at Hayalla.

There are other Birchtennial projects: programs for the arts: the new Australian tolescope, to develop further the skills of our astronomers; the Bicentennial Program itself, in which all Australians will participate. The Bicentenary will make Australians proud of Australia's achievements, and our capacity to live and work together.

We are a nation built by people from every land. We will keep working to improve the quality of Australian multi-culturalism and a fair go for all Australians.

We are looking ahead, to 1988 and beyond.

The jobs of the future will depend upon innovation and enterprise. Businesses need encouragement to adopt innovative practices, create new products and markets. We will provide this encouragement in partnership with business.

We will set up an Advanced Technology Corporation to help small and medium firms develop innovative products and services. The corporation will help innovators assess their proposals and organise venture capital. It will help them find product development facilities to put their ideas into practice, and it will help them with market research and information.

To attract incomment to new high risk ventures, we will grant 100% tax deductibility for investments in projects approved through the Corperation, to an overall limit of \$100m. In the initial operations.

Small hominetochas a valuately in generaling new employment, products and ideas. We will introduce a new preferencial tax rate 5 cents below the standard rate for small companies with taxable incomes below \$200,000, and provide \$25m. additional funding through a my division of the Development benk specifically to assist small business.

As part of our program of encouraging Australia's industrial development, we will make advance payments of 10% Government purchases of Australian manufactured products, and extend the Promotion Scheme. These initiatives will assist business, in partnership with government, to build the foundation for our future economic growth and employment.

Good industrial relations are vital to the future of our country. This Covernment has shown its willingness to consult and work with the unions, not for them, as Labordoes.

This Government intends to govern for all Australians. It will continue to seek co-operation with all parties, including the ACTU, but it will not tolerate attempts by the militant few to impose on the majority.

We have introduced effective reforms to the Conciliation and Arbitration Act within our existing industrial relations powers. But we believe these powers are too limited in certain key areas. We will therefore seek power through a referendum for the Commonwealth to legislate to give the Conciliation and Arbitration Commission power to make sure awards and agreements are not broken, and to enable the Commission, and the Government where necessary, to prevent the community being denied essential services by the abuse of union power - powers which we hope would not have to be used.

As a further measure, our legislation for secret ballots will be extended and made more effective. In the protection of essential <u>services and vital</u> national industries we will legislate to enable secret ballots to be ordered in respect of proposed strike action, and we will require secret ballots for the election of all senior union office bearers, to be conducted at public expense by the Electoral Commissioner.

These powers are not to confront, but to protect all Australians and the democratic rights of all union members. They are needed to increase the confidence and security that will underlie economic recovery.

In looking to the fature, nothing is man expertant then education. All australian children sust an equipped with delevant todaying and the smills they will need in a complex world.

We reject as totally divisive and usong Labou's polic, to deny the basic right of every Australian child to come dovernment support for his or her education. We want to tackle the real causes of dispatiafication with the education system, and get move children we ctay at school longer.

Education needs to give all our children better opportunities to do the things they do well. One Schools Commission has pointed in the past to an ever-reliance on academic curriculums. That suits academically-inclined students, but there are many other students who also deserve a fair go.

We will provide \$25m., on a dollar for dollar basic with the States, for counselling for younger students and parents, and for reform of curriculums. This will help meet the needs of all children.

We will also ask the Tertiary Education Commission to report on whether there are adequate places and opportunities available in tertiary education. We will invite the States to join us in promoting the use of computers in all Australian schools, with a Commonwealth contribution of \$20m. a year for five years from 1984. We will provide a further \$35m. over the next three years to help increase new places in non-government schools.

In foreign policy, Australia's stature as a middle power has increased the range of our international activities and the weight of our responsibilities.

Our aid program which is concentrated in South East Asian and the South Pacific, contributes to stability in our region ANZUS and the wider western allience are central to our foreign policy, and Australia has a significant part to play.

We have a proud record of contributing to peace-keeping in world trouble spots - most recently in Sinal, and we give active support to responsible disarmament measures. We also worked through the Commonwealth, especially in the Commonwealth Meetings and helping bring peace to Simbabue.

Australia's voice is heard with respect in the Commonwealth and around the world. Some units of our armed forces are stationed at Butterworth in Halaysia. The Mirages now based there are being phased out, and subject to discussions with the Government of Malaysia, we will replace them with a squadron of our new FA/13 fighter planes.

This illustrates our practical support for the Rive Power Defence Arrangements and symbolices our co-operation with countries in our region. Under this Government, Australia has become a vital link in the Interlocking security arrangements safeguarding the free world.

One great danger of world recession is that countries will raise trade barriers against each other. In these carcumstances, an experienced government with a personal knowledge of other countries can do much to protect. Australia's interests. For example, in 1974 Australia was totally excluded from the Japanese meat market. Negotiations on new trade agreements between Japan and the United States are currently proceeding. We will make sure that Australia's interests are protected.

Through all the years the Labor Party has taken a negative approach to the Commonwealth, our alliances, our role in speaking against aggression, and our efforts to liberalise world trade. In that approach there is no security for Australia.

In this election the choice is clear.

Is Australia to work in a common cause for recovery, or will it support those who want to break the wages pause? Australia wants a government which will work with union leaders, not a Labor Government which will work for the unions and increased union power.

This Government will strongthen our alliances - a Labor Government would undermine our defence arrangements. Australia wants a government which will maintain the security and stability of our institutions at a time when we most need them, not a Labor Government which through its recently amended Platform is now committed to challenging those institutions and turning Australia into a republic.

Australia must have a government of prudent managers with stability, and a vision of the future, not the apend, spend, spend philosophy of Labor. No-one wants a return to the chaos and insecurity of the Uhitlam years. The first act was enough without waiting for the second.

We must make recovery certain for Australia. This nation is too great to be shackled by Labor's divisiveness and irrelevance. We are building for the future, we are creating Australia. We do not under-estimate the difficulties but we know our policies will make this a better land. And we can take pride that it is the Covernment team that has put these policies together, in areas of major innovation. John Carrick in the water resources programs bulgh Hunt,

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developing the great program for roads; Andriv Rescord, proposing major immovations in industry: Inn Macphee, conciliator, negotiator but a person who can act from firmness and real conviction, proposing major immovations in industrial relations.

We are building Australia with our policies. We are building Australia with our vision. We are building Australia with the determination of Australians. We are not waiting for the World.

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	Proposals		
		1983/8	
	(\$	million	
	Trade and Resources		
	Export Promotion Program (growing to \$50 Min 1985/86)	25	
,	Taxation		
	5 percentage point reduction in company		
	tax rate for companies with taxable incomes		
	up to \$100,000 with shading in arrangements	40	
	Defence		
	Squadron FA18s at Butterworth (growing to \$29.0)	d	
	in 1984/85 and subsequently decline to \$17.0M)	12	
	Special program for additional places in the		
	Services	1200	
لاس		•	
	National Development and Energy		
. الجيدة بيساد			
	Feasibility study on an electric power grid	1	
	Primary Industry		
	The afforestation and soil conservation program		
	(rising to \$15.0M in 1987/88)	5	
	Additional expenditure on Rural Research	7.5	
	Continuation of Drought Interest Subsidy Scheme		
	for one year beyond lifting of drought restrict	ions 7	
	Increased support for wool promotion	8	
	Increase in Brucellosis/Tuberculosis		

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(\$ million)

		•
	Industry and Commerce	
	Advanced Technology Corporation. Tax deductible capital allowed by corporation up to \$100% in	
	first year (not incurred until 1984/85) and	•
	shopfront operations	46.5
•	Technology initiatives (microelectronic application	
(E)	centres, information technology consultants,	
	technology transfer)	0.2
	Match \$ for \$ up to \$100,000 for Australian Tourist	-
	Authority	0.1
	Social Security	
	Adjustment in May 1983 to unemployment benefits for	
	single people over 18	102
	-biberalisation of unemployment benefit income test	. 17
	Approval for child care centres	7.5
	Extension of income limits for PHB card-holders	7.5
	Seeding grant for Disabled Persons International.	0.05
	Aviation	
	Authorisation of design work on new passenger	
	terminal for Canberra Airport	0.5

	Proposals	1983/84 (% million)
	Home Affairs and Environment (cont.)	
	Environment management program in SW Taumania Mational Park	10
	Aboriginal Affairs	
	Extension of Aboriginal Health Improvement Trogram	10
	Immigration and Ethnic Affairs	
	Grant-in-aid for Federation of Ethnic Community Councils	0.05
	Health	
- • · · · •	Increased funding for NH & MRC (rising to \$12M in 1985/86)	4
	Veterans' Affairs	·
	Pilot program for attendant care for veterans	1.0
	Capital Territory	
	Canberra Convention Centre	4.5
	Communications	
	Sales tax exemption of decoders for TV closed captioning for deaf	0.1
	Defence Support	
	Build up stocks in factories	8

<u> </u>	Proposals (\$	1503/84 million)			
	Science and Technology				
<u> </u>	National Biotechnology Scheme Provision of earmarked AIRDIS funds for biotechnology	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e			
	projects	2.5			
	Home Affairs and Environment				
	Establish a Sports Aid Poundation (to replace existing National Awards Scheme; net cost)	0.25			
,	Donations to Sports Aid Foundation to be tax deductible	3			
-	Establishment of a National Arts Touring Fund	1			
	Anterctic Transport System				
	Replace Antarctic transport system to comprise:				
	air transport of personnel	:			
	chartered cargo vessel	4			
	TOTAL.	567.65			
	NOTES				
·	1. The above policy measures will cost \$19.0 million	n in 1982/83			
	nce to 82/83 cost to				
	3. The proposals to provide standard gauge rail links to the following ports:-				
	Acacia Ridge - Fishermans Is Spencer St - Swanson Dock Melbourne - Geelong Mangalore - Tocumwal	: !			
	will be sought to be financed by way of loans. appropriate time the approval of the Loan Counc. be sought. The amount of loan approval involved	il will			

is expected to be \$35 million per year over three years.

4. The additional \$25 million for the new division of the Commonwealth Development Bank will be by way of loan funds.